The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday September 18. to Tuesday September 21. 1714.

Reizen, September 15. N. S.

THE Affairs of Poland continue ſtill in great Diſorder, but it is hoped the arrival of King Auguſtus at Warſaw will reſtore Tranquillity to the Kingdom. His Majeſty intends to ſet out very ſoon for that Place, and hath already ſent Directions to the Great General of the Crown to redreſs thoſe Grievances, which have raiſed the greateſt Diſcontents in the Minds of the People. There hath been hitherto no Commotion except in the Palatinate of Lublin, where the Nobility have taken up Arms, but thoſe of the other Provinces have only agreed to preſent their Complaints in Writing to the King, and to deſire him to convene a general Diet, as the only Method to ſecure the Peace of the Nation. Signor Grimaldi, the Pope's Nuntio, Count Denhoff, General of the Army of Lithuania, and Count Ribinski, Maſter of the Ordnance in the ſame Dutchy, are arrived here. The Archbiſhop of Gueſna, Primate of Poland, is likewiſe expected here in a Day or two to pay his Reſpects to the King. Two Regiments that were encamp'd for ſome time near Bialenka in Maſovia, are now marching towards the Palatinate of Leopol. We have received advice from thence, that the Turks are building a magnificent Palace at Chocim for the Governor of that Place, who is to be a Bacha of the firſt Rank. Letters from Conſtantinople bring an account, that the time of the King of Sweden's departure from Demotica was ſtill very uncertain.

Dreſden, Sept. 18. *N. S.* Count Vizdom, Great Chamberlain of King Auguſtus, is gone to Peterſbourg, where he is to reſide on the part of his Majeſty. Baron Lovendahl, Great Mareſchal of the Court, hath obtained leave to go into Holſtein, and he is accordingly preparing for his departure. We have received an Expreſs from Reizen, with an account, that King Auguſtus intended to ſet out to morrow for Warſaw, and that he would not return into this Country before the next Spring. The Palatin Potoski was arrived at Reizen, and had obtained his Pardon. General Smigielski was likewiſe expected there with ſome other Officers, who had quitted the Intereſts of King Staniſlaus. It is ſaid moſt of the Saxon Troops will be ſent out of Poland into this Electorate, where Winter Quarters have been aſſigned them, and that they are to begin their march about the beginning of next Month. We are informed, that Baron Goertz is returned to Berlin, from whence he intends to ſet out very ſoon for Vienna, and after he hath tranſacted ſome Affairs at that Court, it is ſaid he will go to meet the King of Sweden. His Pruſſian Majeſty having receiv'd the Homage of the States of his Kingdom, is expected on the 21ſt Inſtant at Stetin, and on the 24th at Berlin.

Hamburgh, Sept. 21. *N. S.* The Daniſh Miniſter hath acquainted our Magiſtrates, that the King his Maſter expected they ſhould appoint Deputies to attend him at Copenhagen, in order to put an end to the Diſputes which are ſtill undetermined between his Majeſty and this City. The King of Denmark hath remitted a third Part of the Taxes which had been laid on the Nobility of Holſtein. Thoſe of the Dutchy of Sleſwick have likewiſe deſired an Abatement of the Contributions lately demanded of them. We are informed, that the King of Pruſſia hath received the Homage of the States of that Country at the Caſtle of Koningsberg, but the Poliſh Nobility, which, by ancient Cuſtom ought to have aſſiſted at the Ceremony, refuſed to be preſent. King Auguſtus hath at laſt reſolved to withdraw all his Forces out of Poland, except ſeven Regiments of Horſe, and two of Foot. He hath fixed on the 20th Inſtant for his Departure to Warſaw, where he intends to paſs this Winter. Letters from Revel bring an account, that the Muſcovite Fleet had ſet ſail from thence towards the Coaſts of Finland, without waiting for the Reinforcement of eight Men of War, which were to join them from Copenhagen. They write from Wiſmar, that a Veſſel was lately arrived there from the Iſle of Gothland, the Maſter of which reported, that he had left the Swediſh Fleet in the Port of Wisby, where they were taking in Proviſions. The Governor of Wiſmar had received a Meſſage from the King of Pruſſia, that in caſe he did not forbear his Exactions in the Dutchy of Mecklenbourg, his Majeſty would ſend Troops to protect that Country from his Inſults. We have received advice from Conſtantinople, that the Grand Signior had ſupplied the King of Sweden with a conſiderable Sum of Money for the Expence of his Journey into his own Dominion. The Ottoman Port was very much alarmed at the Proceedings of the Muſcovites, who had formed